

2017 Board of Health Legislative Agenda – Related Bills (as of February 17, 2017)

I. Issues of highest priority to the SRHD Board of Health: SRHD staff and board members will actively participate in efforts to create statewide support and will directly advocate with local legislators and in Olympia concerning policy and budget priorities that substantively and directly impact SRHD operations.

Foundational Public Health Services Fully fund the basic set of public health capabilities that must be present in every community in order to efficiently and effectively protect all people in Washington state.	HB1432/ SB5353	Concerning foundational public health services	Addresses the protection of the public's health in the state, core public health services and essential capabilities that comprise foundational public health services, and development of a governmental public health improvement plan. Creates the core public health services account.	H: Passed Health Care & Wellness; Referred to Appropriations S: Passed Health Care; Referred to Ways & Means
Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Support increased drug addiction and	HB1339	Providing for restrictions on prescriptions for opioid drugs	Prohibits a practitioner, when issuing a prescription for an opioid drug to a patient for the first time for outpatient use, from issuing more than a seven-day supply. Prohibits a dentist, when issuing a prescription for an opioid drug to a patient for the first time for outpatient use, from issuing more than a three-day supply.	Feb 17 passed by Health Care & Wellness
	HB1426	Prescription monitoring program	Authorizes the department of health to provide data in the prescription monitoring program to the following: (1) Personnel of the department for assessing prescribing practices, including controlled substances-related mortality and morbidity, and providing quality improvement feedback to providers; (2) The local health officer of a local health jurisdiction for patient follow-up and care coordination following a controlled substance overdose event; and (3) The coordinated care electronic tracking program. Requires the department of health to: (1) Provide certain facilities, entities, and provider groups with certain prescriber information; (2) In consultation with the state hospital association, the state medical association, and the state health care authority, to determine what prescriber information will be provided; and (3) Provide dispenser or prescriber data and data that includes indirect patient identifiers to the state hospital association for use solely in connection with its coordinated quality improvement program.	Feb 17 passed by Health Care & Wellness
	HB1427	Opioid treatment programs	In making a decision on an application for certification of an opioid treatment program, the Department of Social and Health Services (Department) is not required to: demonstrate a need in the community for opiate substitution treatment; certify	Feb 17 passed by Health Care & Wellness

Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (cont.)			only the number of program slots justified by community need; hold a public meeting in the area where the facility is to be located; or consider whether the applicant has demonstrated the capability to assist persons in the program with meeting abstinence goals. Opioid treatment programs are no longer required to submit an annual report with data to the Department and the county legislative authority. Opioid treatment programs are subject to the same oversight as other substance use disorder treatment programs.	
	HB1505	Naloxone access grant program	Requires the department of health to establish the naloxone access grant program to: (1) Distribute funds to local health jurisdictions to purchase naloxone; (2) Distribute naloxone to persons at highest risk for opioid overdose; (3) Provide training on how to administer naloxone; and (4) Educate the public on the potential harms of opioid use. Imposes a fee on each sale by a wholesale distributor of prescription opioids distributed in this state. Creates the naloxone access account.	Referred to Health Care & Wellness (no activity to date)
	HB1761/ SB5223	Safe injection sites	The legislature declares that the use of safe injection sites is inconsistent with the state's goal of remedying substance use disorder issues across Washington. The state shall fully preempt the entire field of safe injection site regulation within the state. Provides for submission of this act to a vote of the people. Each local health board must provide annual certification that no private or public safe injection sites are operating in its jurisdiction. Any expenditure made related to safe injection sites will result in the loss of state funding. "Safe injection site" means any building, structure, site, facility, or program, including but not limited to safe consumption, safe injection, or needle exchange programs, with a function of providing a space or area for either use or consumption, or both, of federally controlled substances.	HB: Referred to Health Care & Wellness (no activity to date) SB: Feb 17 1 st substitute passed by State Government
	SB5248	Concerning persons to whom the department of health may provide prescription monitoring program data	Expands the list of persons to whom the department of health may provide prescription monitoring program.	Passed Health Care; Referred to Ways & Means
Mental Health/Substance Abuse System Reform Support additional efforts to improve the mental health and substance abuse system and availability of care.	SB5779	Behavioral health integration with primary care	Addresses a health care integration model in which behavioral health care is colocated, collaborative, and integrated within a primary care setting.	Passed by Human Services, Mental Health & Housing; Referred to Ways & Means

Oral Health Support efforts to increase access to oral health services, with a focus on services for low income community members and residents of long-term care facilities, including expanding education for dental professionals, exploring new categories of dental providers (including Mid-Level Dental Providers) and increasing insurance	HB1244	Flouridation limits	Prohibits a purveyor from intentionally fluoridating water supplied by a public water system to a level that exceeds 0.7 milligrams of fluoride per liter of water.	Referred to Health Care & Wellness (no activity to date)
	HB1364/ SB5224		Creates new credentials for dental therapists.	HB: Feb 17 passed by Health Care & Wellness SB: Jan 30 10:00am hearing in Health Care
and increasing insurance coverage.	HB1411	Dental licensure/residency	Changes provisions related to licensure to practice dentistry, specifically reducing the requirements related to residency in lieu of taking the practical examination, in order to more quickly increase the number of practicing dentists while also providing dental services to low income populations. In lieu of the practical examination, an applicant for a dental license can show proof that they completed a general practice residency or advanced education in general dentistry residency program in Washington state accredited by the commission on dental accreditation of the American dental association of at least one year's duration, in a program that serves predominantly low-income patients.	Feb 17 passed by Health Care & Wellness
	HB1899/ SB5604	Managed dental care for medicaid enrollees	Creates a statewide prepaid dental managed care program for children and adults to: (1) Improve access to dental care and the dental program infrastructure; (2) Expand the provider network and increase provider capacity; and (3) Retain innovative programs that improve access and care such as the access to baby and child dentistry program.	H: Referred to Health Care & Wellness (no activity to date) S: Referred to Health Care (no activity to date)
	SB5540	Oral health pilot program	Requires the state health care authority to begin a three-year pilot program with the Washington dental foundation to test enhanced dental benefits for Medicaid apple health adults with diabetes and pregnant women.	Passed by Health Care; Referred to Ways & Means

II. Issues of priority to the SRHD Board of Health that are being led by other stakeholders: SRHD staff and board members will support other organizations that are taking the lead on these issues and communicate with local legislators and other officials statewide as requested by stakeholder leadership.

Tobacco 21 Support increasing the minimum age to purchase tobacco and vaping products from 18 to 21.	HB1054/ SB5025	Tobacco 21	Increasing the minimum legal age of sale of tobacco and vapor products.	H: Passed Health Care & Wellness S; Referred to Finance S: Feb 9 1:30pm public hearing in Commerce, Labor
Rapid Health Information Network	SB5514	Rapid Health Information Network Data	Mandates hospitals with emergency departments report syndromic surveillance data to DOH.	& Sports Passed Health Care; Referred to
Data Support legislation that mandates hospitals with emergency departments to report syndromic surveillance data to Department of Health.				Rules
Safe Medicine Return Support efforts to create a statewide program to collect and dispose of unused medicines through a convenient, safe, environmentally sound and sustainable system, such as one funded by the pharmaceutical industry.	HB1047	Medication disposal system	Creates a system for the safe and secure collection and disposal of unwanted medications through a drug take-back program administered by any drug manufacturer that sells product in the state. Modeled on programs in King and Snohomish counties.	Passed by Health Care & Wellness; Referred to Ways & Means

III. Issues supported by the SRHD Board of Health: SRHD staff will monitor legislative activity on these issues, keep board members up to date and share the importance of these issues to the Board of Health with local legislators.

Youth Marijuana Prevention Account Protect funding stream dedicated to marijuana education and prevention programs and secure maximum allowed appropriation.	Governor's budget: Compared to last year's appropriation, a slight increase to youth tobacco/vaping prevention and about a \$4M increase in marijuana prevention funding to DOH. Also contains about a \$15M increase for marijuana work to DSHS.			
Lead Poisoning		s budget contains funding fo	or lead testing in schools and to identify and monitor children most at risk of lead	
Protection Support increased efforts to protect Washington residents from lead exposure, through such means as increased inspections of schools.	exposure. HB1805	Contaminated water	By July 1, 2020, each public water system must fully replace all lead service lines located at or connecting to a school or an early childhood program. By July 1, 2030, each public water system must fully replace all lead service lines located within its service area. Provides for use of the public works assistance account for such purposes.	Feb 9 8:00am hearing in Environment
	HB1842	Lead in drinking water	Requires the school and early childhood programs to: (1) Develop and adopt a plan of action to prevent elevated lead levels in all water used for drinking or cooking; (2) Periodically test each outlet used for drinking water or cooking in each school or early childhood program facility for the presence of lead; and (3) Submit its plan of action and information on testing activities to the department of health and the office of the superintendent of public instruction. Requires the department of health, in consultation with the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the department of ecology, to adopt emergency rules to implement this act.	Referred to Environment (no activity to date)
	HB1925	Lead in school water	Requires schools to: (1) Develop and adopt a plan of action to prevent elevated lead levels in water used for drinking or cooking; (2) Periodically test outlets used for drinking water or cooking in school facilities for the presence of lead; and (3) Submit its plan of action and information on testing activities to the department of health and the office of the superintendent of public instruction. Requires the department of health, in consultation with the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the department of ecology, to adopt emergency rules to implement this act.	Feb 13 1:30 hearing in Environment

	SB5745	Lead in drinking water	By July 1, 2020, each public water system must fully replace all lead service lines to a school or an early childhood program. The public water system must bear the cost associated with the replacement required under this section. By July 1, 2030, each public water system must fully replace all lead service lines located within its service area. The public water system must bear the cost associated with the replacement required under this section.	Feb 16 passed by Energy, Environment & Telecommunicatio ns; Referred to Ways & Means
Commute Trip	WSDOT a	urrently exploring a budget i	The state board shall consider the most current guidance from the United States environmental protection agency guidance manual "3Ts for reducing lead in drinking water in schools: revised technical guidance" for the purpose of adopting rules requiring statewide testing for lead in drinking water and drinking water fixtures used for drinking or cooking at public schools. Consistent with the state board rules, the DOH must develop a program to coordinate local health jurisdictions and public schools to ensure testing of drinking water and drinking water fixtures in public schools.	
Reduction Expansion Support efforts to expand commute trip reduction programs to include all drive- alone vehicle trips, not just commute trips.			portation efficiency by shifting trips to higher occupancy and efficiency modes.	
Traffic Safety Address deaths and serious injuries of drivers, cyclists and pedestrians resulting from impaired driving as a result of alcohol, drug and wireless communication devices.	HB1371/ SB5289	Distracted driving	Revises distracted driving provisions with regard to portable electronic devices that are defined as a device that is capable of wireless communication or electronic data retrieval and is not manufactured primarily for hands-free use in a motor vehicle.	House: Feb 15 1st substitute passed by Transportation; Referred to Rules Senate: Feb 7 public hearing in Transportation
	HB1614	Impaired driving	Strengthens penalties for impaired driving.	Feb 9 1st substitute bill passed in Public Safety; Referred to Transportation; Feb 21 1:30pm

				hearing in Transportation
	HB1631	Distracted driving	Increases monetary penalty for drivers found to be dangerously distracted.	Feb 21 1:30pm exec session in Transportation
Immunizations Protect the public from communicable diseases by increasing immunization rates, including through restrictions on exemptions to immunization requirements.	НВ2090	Immunization requirements	Prior to administering a vaccine, the physician must (a) review the patient's full health history; and (b) review the package insert for the vaccine with the patient to obtain the patient's informed consent.	Referred to Health Care & Wellness (no activity to date)
	HB2092	Changing immunization exemption form	Makes changes to the immunization exemption form and requirements. Parents would no longer have to demonstrate membership in a religious organization that precludes medical treatment for children. The exemption form prepared by the department of health: (a) May not require a signator to make detailed statements regarding his or her religious or philosophical objection to vaccination; (b) May not require a signator to provide a declaration regarding the potential risks of exempting the child from immunization; and (c) Must indicate for an exemption under subsection (1)(b) of this section that the signator is exercising his or her freedom of religion as guaranteed by the United States Constitution.	Referred to Health Care & Wellness (no activity to date)
Educational Opportunities and Learning Environment Support legislation to reduce educational opportunity gaps, increase graduation rates and provide for safe and healthy learning environments.	HB1508	Promoting student health and readiness through meal and nutrition programs	Requires each high-needs school to offer breakfast after the bell to each student and provide adequate time for students to consume the food. Requires the superintendent of public instruction to administer one-time start-up allocation grants to each high needs school implementing a breakfast after the bell program. Creates the breakfast after the bell lighthouse project to promote best practices for breakfast after the bell programs. Requires school districts with school lunch programs to begin to eliminate lunch copays for students in prekindergarten through twelfth grade who qualify for reduced-price lunches. Authorizes school districts and the office of the superintendent of public instruction to coordinate with the department of agriculture to promote and facilitate farm-to school programs and small and direct marketing farm programs within school districts.	Feb 9 passed Education; Referred to Appropriations
Education (cont.)	HB1518	Improving student achievement by promoting social emotional learning throughout the calendar year	Establishes the summer step up act. Requires the department of early learning to contract for up to an additional six hundred slots in summer early childhood education and assistance programs at K-12 school building sites giving priority to programs operated in K-12 school buildings that: (1) Plan to include four-year old children; (2) Are in low-income areas or areas underserved by the programs; and (3) Plan to fund summer meals using reimbursements from the United States department of agriculture or other non-state sources. Requires the superintendent of public instruction to convene a work group to build upon the social emotional learning work group established in 2016. Creates the summer step-up grant	Feb 16 1st substitute passed by Education

		program to increase the number of programs that combine academics and social emotional learning.	
HB1542	Concerning dropout prevention through engaging youth in farming	Creates the dropout prevention through farm engagement pilot project to measure the effectiveness and cost-benefit of a particular alternative high school program on improving outcomes for at-risk youth. Requires the office of the superintendent of public instruction to: (1) Select five pilot projects from school districts that agree to partner with community-based organizations, food banks, and farms or gardens to establish an alternative high school program targeted primarily to at-risk youth; and (2) Conduct an evaluation after the pilot projects have been operating for two years, including analysis of a statistical comparison group of students who did not participate in the project.	Feb 2 hearing in Education
HB1621	Social-emotional learning	Promotes social-emotional learning in schools by enhancing school funding equal to one additional certificated instructional staff at each school to support children's health and social-emotional learning, such as school nurses, social workers, psychologists, guidance counselors, and parent involvement coordinators.	Feb 15 hearing in Appropriations
HB1638	Trauma-informed child care	Provides for training in trauma identification and positive behavior supports for early learning providers in order to improve outcomes for young children.	Referred to Early Learning & Humar Services (no activity to date)
SB5107	Creating a local pathway for local governments, school districts, and nonprofit organizations to provide more high quality early learning opportunities by reducing barriers and increasing efficiency	Requires the department of early learning to create a local pathway to high quality early learning to help local governments, school districts, nonprofit organizations, and early learning providers use additional local and/or private funds to expand access, increase quality, and extend hours for existing early care and education programs. Prohibits grants and contributions from community sources from supplanting the funding required for the full statewide implementation of the early learning program.	Passed Early Learning & K-12 Education Feb 14 3:30 hearing in Ways & Means
SB5155	Concerning suspension and expulsion of kindergarten and early elementary school students	Prohibits a school district from suspending or expelling a student who is enrolled in grades kindergarten through two, except when the suspension is based on possession of a firearm on school premises or transportation.	1st substitute bill passed by Early Learning & K-12 Education; Referred to Rules
SB5696	Breakfast after the bell	Requires each high-needs school to offer breakfast after the bell to each student and provide adequate time for students to eat. Requires the state to provide financial assistance to support the costs of implementing breakfast after the bell	1st substitute passed by Early Learning & K-12

			programs at participating high-needs schools. Encourages all public schools to offer breakfast after the bell. Requires the office of the superintendent of public instruction to: (1) Develop and distribute procedures and guidelines for the implementation of this act; (2) Dedicate staff within the office to offer training and technical and marketing assistance to public schools and school districts related to offering breakfast after the bell; (3) Collaborate with nonprofit organizations knowledgeable about equity, the opportunity gap, hunger and food security issues, and best practices for improving student access to school breakfast; and (4) Seek partnerships with philanthropic organizations interested in supporting breakfast after the bell in high needs schools.	Education; Referred to Ways & Means
	SB5766	Addressing school bullying	Requires each school district to: (1) Adopt or amend a transgender student policy and procedure that at a minimum incorporates the model transgender student policy and procedure created by the state school directors' association and share the policy with parents or guardians, students, volunteers, and school employees; and (2) Designate one person in the district as the primary contact regarding the transgender student policy. Requires the office of the superintendent of public instruction to develop a statewide training class for those people who act as the primary contact.	Referred to Early Learning & K-12 Education (no activity to date)
Homeless Youth Assist homeless students and their families through increased supports within and outside of the school environment.	HB1570	Concerning access to homeless housing and assistance	Establishes the Washington housing opportunities act. Improves resources available to aid with increasing access and removing barriers to housing for individuals and families in the state.	Feb 16 1st substitute passed by Community Development, Housing & Tribal Affairs
	SB5656	Ending homelessness	Addresses the homeless crisis in this state. Requires the department of social and health services to develop a process to locate unaccompanied homeless children with the goal of returning the child to his or her parent or legal guardian. Finds a parent, legal guardian, or caregiver guilty of a misdemeanor if he or she knowingly fails to notify law enforcement within forty-eight hours of learning that a child in his or her care is missing. Declares that, homeless individuals subject to enforcement should be directed to emergency shelters, community resources, drug or mental health court, or other interventional services. Declares an intent to review state and local homelessness prevention, assistance, and housing efforts on a more frequent basis to improve the development of cost effective programs and identification of best practices to expand housing security. Requires the department of commerce to provide an update on the state's homeless housing strategic plan and its activities for the prior fiscal year. Makes the following appropriations: (1) From the general fund to the department of commerce to be	Feb 15 1:30 exec session but no action taken in Human Services, Mental Health & Housing

distributed to five housing authorities to implement a quality management system
and prepare and submit an application to the Washington quality awards program;
(2) From the general fund to the department of commerce to be distributed to five
community action agencies to implement a quality management system and
prepare and submit an application to the Washington quality awards program; and
(3) From the general fund to the state auditor's office for an audit to determine the
effectiveness and efficiency of state homeless programs.